

**SAMPLE EXAM QUESTIONS**

**GROUP 3 (GUNDOGS)**

The following questions are taken from all breeds in Group 3 and provide examples of the types of questions that will appear in the exam papers.

1. The general appearance of the **Welsh Springer Spaniel**:  
(a) very compact, athletic rather than racy, quick and active mover  
(b) symmetrical, compact, active mover displaying plenty of push and drive  
(c) a well-balanced, square dog; obviously built for endurance and hard work
  
2. The general appearance of the **Golden Retriever**:  
(a) well proportioned, athletic rather than racy, level mover  
(b) symmetrical, compact, active mover displaying plenty of power  
(c) symmetrical, balanced, active, powerful, level mover
  
3. The temperament of the **English Setter**:  
(a) loyal and loving companion  
(b) even tempered, happy and lively disposition  
(c) intensely friendly and good natured
  
4. The characteristics of the **Labrador Retriever**:  
(a) Good tempered; excellent nose, soft mouth; keen love of water  
(b) Alert, self-controlled, good natured and biddable  
(c) A devoted companion dog and versatile hunter

To which breed standards do the following refer (Q5 – 7)?  
Select your answers from the choices provided in the box.

5. Highest on leg and raciest in build of all British land Spaniels.

\_\_\_\_\_

6. ... general outline a series of graceful curves. A strong but lissom appearance.

\_\_\_\_\_

7. Must be racy, balanced and full of quality.

\_\_\_\_\_

<b>Gordon Setter</b>
<b>Pointer</b>
<b>Irish Setter</b>
<b>Field Spaniel</b>
<b>Weimaraner</b>
<b>English Springer Spaniel</b>

Circle the correct word(s) to complete the statements:

8. The muzzle of the **Irish Water Spaniel** is (*short / long / broad*), strong, somewhat square with a (*gradual / slight / well defined*) stop.
  
9. The skull of the **Cocker Spaniel (American)** is (*flat / broad / rounded*). The eyebrows are clearly defined with a (*definite / pronounced / slight*) stop.

Write the letter of the breed in the left-hand column next to the descriptions given. These questions all refer to head and skull

		<b>A. Hungarian Vizsla</b>	<b>B. Cocker Spaniel</b>	<b>C. Sussex Spaniel</b>
		<b>D. Clumber Spaniel</b>	<b>E. German Wirehaired Pointer</b>	
10	.....	Head large, square, medium length, broad on top with decided occiput, heavy brows, deep stop. Square muzzle with well-developed flews. No exaggeration in head and skull.		
11	.....	Head should be dry, noble and well-proportioned. Skull moderately wide and slightly domed. Stop is moderate. Muzzle is blunt, not pointed. Bridge of nose straight and lips tight-fitting.		
12	.....	Skull well developed, cleanly chiselled; cheek bones not prominent. Square muzzle, with distinct stop set midway between tip of nose and occiput. Nose sufficiently wide for acute scenting power.		

13. **Weimaraner.** The eyes are large, almond-shaped and dark in colour. TRUE / FALSE

14. The ears of the **Nova Scotia Duck tolling Retriever** are:  
 (a) triangular, rounded at tips, carried dropped, well feathered at and behind fold, short hair at tips  
 (b) small, vine leaf shaped; hanging slightly forward, feathered behind fold, short hair at tips  
 (c) triangular, blunt at tips, set on low and wide, feathering extending well beyond the tips.

15. The ears of the **Golden Retriever** are:  
 (a) Small, set on low, carried hanging close to cheek  
 (b) Large, triangular, well feathered, carried forward  
 (c) Moderate size, set on approximate level with eyes

The mouth/bite is generally described for the breeds in this section of Group 3 as '*Jaws strong, with a perfect, regular and complete scissor bite*', with some small variations in wording

To which breed do the following variations or additional words refer:

16. '*Jaw strong with almost straight branches and a relatively large mandibular body. Reverse scissor bite acceptable.*' \_\_\_\_\_

17. '*The teeth are set square to the jaws and form a complete and healthy set.*' \_\_\_\_\_

18. '*Teeth: Strong and sound, not too small and meet in a scissor bite*' \_\_\_\_\_

19. '*Bite: Scissors is preferred, but a level bite is acceptable.*' \_\_\_\_\_

20. The body of the **Field Spaniel** is described as having a length of rib cage that is two thirds of the body length.

TRUE / FALSE

21. The neck of the **Golden Retriever** is short, arched and muscular. TRUE / FALSE

22. The body of the **Weimaraner** is described as having a slightly longer back, firm and muscular; well defined withers and well developed forechest. TRUE / FALSE

Fore and Hind Quarters:

23. The forelegs of the **Cocker Spaniel** are well boned, straight, sufficiently (*short / long / muscular*) for concentrated power. The shoulders are sloping and (*muscular / fine / well laid*).

24. The hindquarters of the **Labrador Retriever** are well-developed and (*sloping / not sloping*) to tail; well turned stifles. The hocks are (*long / well let down / perpendicular*)

Write the letter of the correct breed beside the descriptions given of the feet: (Questions 25 & 26)

<b>A. German Shorthaired Pointer</b>	<b>B. Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever</b>	
<b>C. Brittany</b>	<b>D. Irish Water Spaniel</b>	<b>E. Gordon Setter</b>

25. Large, round and spreading, well covered with hair over and between toes. \_\_\_\_\_

26. Strongly-webbed feet; tight and round with well arched toes ... in proportion to the size of the dog  
\_\_\_\_\_

27. The tail of the **Large Munsterlander** is:  
(a) set on high, well feathered and carried above the level of the back in a graceful curve  
(b) set on in line with back, base thick, tapering and well feathered, carried horizontally  
(c) set low, long and well feathered with lively action; never carried above level of back.

In which breed is the movement described as

28. '*... animated, light-footed trot, elegant and far-reaching, with much drive and corresponding reach.*'  
\_\_\_\_\_

29. '*True fore and aft with distinctive roll*'  
\_\_\_\_\_

30. The coat of the **Lagotto Romagnolo** is straight, flat, dense, somewhat wiry texture. TRUE / FALSE

31. The coat of the **Labrador Retriever** is distinctive being short and dense without wave or feathering, with a hard feel to touch and weather resistant undercoat. TRUE / FALSE
32. The body coat of the **Irish Water Spaniel** is (*rather coarse / short, tight cords / dense, crisp ringlets*) having natural (*shiness / oiliness / curliness*).
33. The **Bracco Italiano** may be any colour or combination of colours. TRUE / FALSE
34. The colour of the **Irish Setter** is rich chestnut with no trace of black. TRUE / FALSE
35. Permissible colours for the **Weimaraner (+ Longhair)** are  
 (a) Black, mouse grey, silver or fawn  
 (b) Silver, cream, fawn or grey  
 (c) Silver, roe or mouse grey

Give the correct height and/or weight measurements for the following:

36. German Shorthaired Pointer (dog) (*height*) \_\_\_\_\_
37. Curly Coated Retriever (bitch) (*Ideal height*) \_\_\_\_\_
38. Italian Spinone (dog) (*Height*) \_\_\_\_\_  
 (*Weight*) \_\_\_\_\_
39. English Springer Spaniel (bitch) (*Height*) \_\_\_\_\_
40. English Setter (dog) (*Height*) \_\_\_\_\_

**ANSWERS:**

1. b 2. c 3. c 4. a 5. English Springer Spaniel 6. Pointer 7. Irish Setter 8. Long, gradual  
 9. Rounded, pronounced 10. **D** 11. **A** 12. **B** 13. False 14. a 15. c 16. Lagotto Romagnolo 17. Brittany 18.  
 Cocker Spaniel (American) 19. Chesapeake Bay Retriever 20. True 21. False 22. True 23. Short, fine 24. Not  
 sloping, well let down 25. **D** 26. **B** 27. b 28. Hungarian Vizsla 29. Sussex Spaniel 30. False 31. True 32. Dense  
 crisp ringlets, oiliness 33. False 34. True 35. c 36. 62-66cm (24½-26ins) 37. 64cm (25ins) 38. 59-69cm (23½-25½),  
 34-39kg (70-82lbs) 39. 51cm (20ins) 40. 65-69cm (25½-27ins)